



Manual

3D Wind-Load Generator

Scia Engineer Table of contents

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Introduction

The 3D Wind-Load Generator is a complex tool for generation of wind load acting against buildings. The module is available for the following codes: EC-EN (Eurocode), BS (British Standard) and IBC (International Building Code).

Project settings

In the Project data dialogue, functionality **Climatic load** must be selected. In addition, the code for the wind loads must be selected.

Project data		12	1000	Part of the	×
Basic data Fund	ctionality Loads Combinations	Protection			
Part of	Dynamics				
and a lot of the lot	Initial stress		Fire resistance	e	
100	Subsoil		Hollow core s	lab	
and the second	Nonlinearity				
1 A 18	Stability				
C. Martine	Climatic loads				
Contraction of the	Prestressing				
10.00	Pipelines				
100 C	Structural model				
	Parameters				
Salesare	Mobile loads				
100 C 100	Overview drawings				
and the second second	GA drawings				
and the	LTA - load cases				
Sec.	External application checks				
A Draw	KP1 application				
Belliner	Slabs with void formers				
March V	Property modifiers				
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Project data		11/2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	X
Basic data Fun	ctionality Loads Combinations	Protection		
187 Y 19	Acceleration of gravity	9,810	m/sec^2	
43.55	Location			
	Wind Region		EC 1 / 26.2m/s^2 / 0	
	Snow Region		EC 1 / Sk=0.00kN/m2 Ce=1.00 Ct=1.00	
Contraction of the second				
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DATA for calculation

		18	Σ
⊡- EC-EN1	Na	me	EC-EN1
🗄 - Wind	ΞV	Vind	
Wind pressure according to EC1		Wind pressure according to EC1	
		basic wind velocity m/s [m/sec]	26,200
		directional factor [-]	1,00
		season factor [-]	1,00
		orography factor [-]	1,00
		turbulence factor [-]	1,00
		probability factor [-]	1,00
		kg/m3 air density	1,25
		Probability	
		probability p for an annual exceedence	200
		shape factor [-]	0,20
		exponent [-]	0,50
		Roughness	
		Roughness	category II
		Kr [-]	0,19
		z 0 [mm]	50,000
		z min [mm]	2000,000

Definition of the outer surface of the building

Prior the load ca be generated it is necessary to select (mark) those 2D members in the model of the structure that are supposed to form the outer surface of the building. 2D members of type plate of (flat) wall have property called **3D wind**. If this property is set to ON, the 2D member is taken into account by the wind load generator.

The property **3D wind** is available for slabs and flat walls and for panels. It is not available during the input of the member but only after. If ON, blue contour (Wind data) is displayed on the member.

The outer surface of the 2D member can be selected using parameter **Switch outer surface**. This switch is useful as the direction of the wind is defined in the local coordinate system of the 2D member.

Generation and editing of zones

Once the **3D wind** property is set to ON in the property dialogue of the member, entity called "wind data" is automatically generated on the 2D member. This "wind data" entity collects all the wind information.

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WD15
S1
Wall 💌

2D members with the **3D wind** property set ON must forma closed "block". If the outer surface of the building is not closed or if an interior 2D member has the **3D wind** property set to ON, the wind load cannot be automatically calculated.

The Wind data entity can be of either of **Wall** type or **Roof** type. At least one roof member must be defined in the project

The roof types available are:

- flat
- monopitch
- duopitch
- hipped

Zones

The load the structure is subject to is, following the regulations of the appropriate code, divided to zones according the arrangement of the structure. This division is saved for every wind direction and it can be either automatically generated or, if required, input or edited manually. This is done in the Zones editor. The editor can be opened from the Wind data property dialogue using action button **[Edit zones]**.

Zones editor

ones editor							×
Load direction 0 -							
Design		Setting ac	cording to cod	le			
Templat	Template acc. to code e = 1						
C Manual	al design Base edge						
Conora							
O Genera	le	Zone des	ign	vvall: e <o< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td></td></o<>		•	
						Display label	
						Region	
						Zone	
						Edge	
20							
3 C						Ref. edge	
		2	В				
Ц							
1 4							
					_		
-Manual desig	gn mode						
Edit zone	es						
C Edit geor	metry						
O Long good							
Region	Zones	+Cpe	-Cpe			Divide hierar	chy
1	A	0,00	0,00	Divide	Join	2,3,	-
2	В	0,00	0,00	Divide	Join		
3	С	0,00	0,00	Divide	Join		
					ОК	Car	ncel

There are three modes for editing of zones.

Template acc. to code

This option enables the user to divide the geometry to zones according to templates based on the appropriate code. The user must input the value of **e**, select the **Base edge** and **Zone design**. The values of Cpe coefficient are predefined by the program and can be adjusted manually. For projects with EC-EN code selected, we refer to EN 1991-1-4:2005(E), Chapter 7 for more information.

For IBC code, the **Template** option is not available.

Manual design

In this mode all the values are defined manually by the user.

If the **Manual design** mode is activated after the **Template mode**, all the values in the dialogue remain AS IS and the user can modify them as required.

However, if the **Manual design** mode is activated after the automatic **Generate** mode, all the values are deleted and the user must define everything from scratch.

Individual zones can be divided or merged using buttons **Divide** and **Join**. When a zone is divided there are three types of dividing available:

Parallel = the "cut" goes along the selected edge.

Horizontal = the "cut" goes horizontally

Vertical = the "cut" is vertical

Generated zones

In this mode the zones and values of Cpe coefficient are calculated automatically by the program. If the user swaps from the **Generate** option to another one, the zones are deleted.

Load Case

Load cases can be generated automatically using the defined criteria or defined manually.

Automatic generation of load cases

Load cases can be defined using function **3D wind generator** in the **Load** service. On first opening the list of wind load cases is empty. The program can generate required load cases after the criteria are specified. To do so, click button **Add load cases** to open the dialogue where these criteria can be input.

The user defines the wind direction and selects which "plus"+"minus" combination of Cpe/Cpi coefficients is to be used. Also the value of the Cpi coefficient is input here (manually).

	Direction	+ CPE, + CPI	+ CPE, - CPI	-CPE, +CPI	-CPE, -CPI	+ CPI	-CP
1	0			⊠		0,20	-0,30
2	90					0,20	-0,30
3	180					0,20	-0,30
4	270					0,20	-0,30

On closing the Add wind load cases dialogue the load cases are generated.

3D Wind Generator		X
Load cases		
3DWnd1 0, + CPE, + CPI 3DWnd2 0, + CPE, - CPI 3DWnd3 0, - CPE, + CPI 3DWnd4 0, - CPE, - CPI 3DWnd5 90 + CPE + CPI		
3DWnd6 90, + CPE, - CPI 3DWnd7 90, - CPE, + CPI 3DWnd8 90, - CPE, - CPI 3DWnd9 180, + CPE, - CPI 3DWnd9 180, + CPE, - CPI		E
3DWnd11 180, - CPE, - CPI 3DWnd11 180, - CPE, + CPI 3DWnd12 180, - CPE, - CPI 3DWnd13 270, + CPE, + CPI		•
		Add Load Cases
	Run generator	Close

Manual input of load cases

When the wind load case is input manually, item Description MUST contain text either "+ CPE" or "- CPE" written in uppercase with one space character between the sign and the text "CPE". This defines which Cpe coefficient will be used. The +/-Cpi coefficient and direction are taken in account from the group 3D Wind.

Load cases							
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LC1		Name	LC2				
LC2 - + CPE		Description	+ CPE				
LC3		Action type	Variable 🗾 💌				
		LoadGroup	LG2 💌				
		Load type	Static 💌				
		Specification	Standard 💌				
		Duration	Short 💌				
		Master load case	None				
		3D Wind					
		3D Wind					
		Internal pressure/suction coefficie	-0,20				
		Wind direction [deg]	0,00				
I			I				

Generation of load cases

When the "Add load cases" in the main dialogue is clicked, the main dialogue shows settings for the generation of load cases for individual directions. For each direction, any sign combination of $C_{\rm pe}$ and $C_{\rm pi}$ coefficients can be defined. Directions 0,90,180,270 are predefined. If you want to add another – use the right mouse button click to activate the menu – see below.

A	Add Wind Load Cases						
		1			1		
		Direction	+ CF	PE, + CPI	+ CPE, - CPI	-(
	1	0	\boxtimes		⊠	\boxtimes	
	2	90	\boxtimes		⊠	\boxtimes	
	3	180	\boxtimes		⊠	\boxtimes	
	4	L	- -		⊠	\boxtimes	
	m	Delete line	-				
		Delete all lines	,				
		Clear line					
	Cal	Clear all lines	Sta	ndard 💌			
1	Include torsional load case						

a v	Yind Load Case	es						
	Direction	+ CPE, + CPI	+ CPE, - CPI	- CPE, + CPI	- CPE, - CPI	+ CPI	- CPI	
1	0			⊠		0.20	-0.20	
2	90		⊠	⊠	⊠	0.20	-0.20	
3	180		⊠	⊠	⊠	0.20	-0.20	
4	270					0.20	-0.20	
Calculation method:								
∢ Calc	ulation method:		•				Þ	

Calculation Metod

For EC and BS only method "Standard" is available. For IBC three methods are possible (see the IBC code for details):

- Method 1 simplified procedure
- Method 2 –analytical procedure
- MWFRS Main Wind Force-Resisting System

Include torsional load case

This checkbox is available only for the IBC code (see the IBC code for details).

Manual definition of a 3D wind load case

In the properties of a variable load case you can select option "3D wind". When the option is ticked, new properties relating to the wind load are added to the property dialogue. This load case is later user to store the generated load.

Direction - wind load direction in GCS

Internal pressure/suction coefficient – value of Cpi coefficient (see the appropriate code for details)

The 3D wind option is available only for Action type = Variable.

Load cases X						
Al 😳 🖉 💽 😰 😂 🎒 😂 🖬 🛛 💽 🖓						
LC1		Name	3DWnd6			
3DWnd1 - 0, + CPE, +		Description	90, + CPE, - CPI			
3DWnd2 - 0, + CPE,		Action type	Variable			
3DWnd3 - 0, – CPE, +		LoadGroup	LG2 💌			
3DWnd4 - 0, – CPE, – CPI		Load type	Static 💌			
3DWnd5 - 90, + CPE,		Specification	Static wind			
3DWnd6 - 90, + CPE,		Master load case	None 💌			
3DWnd7 - 90, - CPE, +		3D Wind				
3DWnd8 - 90, – CPE, –	Ð	3D Wind				
3DWnd9 - 180, + CPE,		Internal pressure/suction coefficie	0.20			
3DWnd10 - 180, + CPE		Wind direction [deg]	90.00			
3DWnd11 - 180, - CPE,						
3DWnd12 - 180, – CPE,						
3DWnd13 - 270, + CPE						
3DWnd14 - 270, + CPE						
3DWnd15 - 270, – CPE,						
3DWnd16 - 270, - CPE,						

Load group

LG3	Name	LG3	
	Relation	Exclusive	
	Load	Variable	
	EC1 - load type	Wind	

Generation of load

The load is generated only to load cases of "3D wind" type. The generated load is of "3D wind" type. The value is set to the generated or manually input value of the Cpe coefficient. The geometry of the load is defined by the arrangement of wind zones across the 2D element.

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	3D Wind Generator					×	L
	Load cases						
	3DWnd1 0, + CPE, + CPI 3DWnd2 0, + CPE, - CPI 3DWnd3 0, - CPE, + CPI 3DWnd4 0, - CPE, - CPI 3DWnd5 90, + CPE, + CPI 3DWnd6 90, + CPE, - CPI						1 68.8.8
	3DWnd7 90, - CPE, + CPI 3DWnd8 90, - CPE, - CPI 3DWnd9 180, + CPE, + CPI 3DWnd10 180, + CPE, - CPI 3DWnd11 180, - CPE, + CPI						¢ c
с. <mark>/</mark>	3DWnd12 180, - CPE, - CPI 3DWnd13 270, + CPE, + CPI					•	ŀ
なくて			Run	generator	Add Load Cases		

Run generator button

It runs the Wind Load Engine that calculates wind zones according to the appropriate code and calculates the load values.

After successful calculation a message box is shown.



View flags

Cpi, Cpe labels and the name of the zone is displayed using the settings from **Palette settings > Screen > Font > item Slab**.

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In the View parameters Setup dialogue, you can control what is displayed on tab **Loads/masses**.

Eccentricity label	
Wind data	
Display	✓
Labels of wind data	
Display label	✓
Срі	v
Сре	✓